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|#

EVENT: Start with the library "mc20-2" using the compiled version.

; Proof of the Correctness of the STRXFRM Function

#|

This is part of our effort to verify the Berkeley string library. The Berkeley string library is widely used as part of the Berkeley Unix OS.

This is the source code of strxfrm function in the Berkeley string library.

/\*

\* Transform src, storing the result in dst, such that  
\* strcmp() on transformed strings returns what strcoll()  
\* on the original untransformed strings would return.  
\*/

size\_t

strxfrm(dst, src, n)

register char \*dst;  
register const char \*src;

```

    register size_t n;
{
    register size_t r = 0;
    register int c;

    /*
     * Since locales are unimplemented, this is just a copy.
     */
    if (n != 0) {
        while ((c = *src++) != 0) {
            r++;
            if (--n == 0) {
                while (*src++ != 0)
                    r++;
                break;
            }
            *dst++ = c;
        }
        *dst = 0;
    }
    return (r);
}

```

The MC68020 assembly code of the C function `strxfrm` on SUN-3 is given as follows. This binary is generated by "gcc -O".

```

0x23a0 <strxfrm>:      linkw fp,#0
0x23a4 <strxfrm+4>:    movel d2,sp@-
0x23a6 <strxfrm+6>:    moveal fp@(8),a1
0x23aa <strxfrm+10>:   moveal fp@(12),a0
0x23ae <strxfrm+14>:  movel fp@(16),d0
0x23b2 <strxfrm+18>:  clrl d1
0x23b4 <strxfrm+20>:  tstl d0
0x23b6 <strxfrm+22>:  beq 0x23d4 <strxfrm+52>
0x23b8 <strxfrm+24>:  bra 0x23cc <strxfrm+44>
0x23ba <strxfrm+26>:  addql #1,d1
0x23bc <strxfrm+28>:  subl #1,d0
0x23be <strxfrm+30>:  bne 0x23ca <strxfrm+42>
0x23c0 <strxfrm+32>:  bra 0x23c4 <strxfrm+36>
0x23c2 <strxfrm+34>:  addql #1,d1
0x23c4 <strxfrm+36>:  tstb a0@+
0x23c6 <strxfrm+38>:  bne 0x23c2 <strxfrm+34>
0x23c8 <strxfrm+40>:  bra 0x23d2 <strxfrm+50>
0x23ca <strxfrm+42>:  moveb d2,a1@+

```

```

0x23cc <strxfrm+44>:   moveb a0@+,d2
0x23ce <strxfrm+46>:   extbl d2
0x23d0 <strxfrm+48>:   bne 0x23ba <strxfrm+26>
0x23d2 <strxfrm+50>:   clrb a1@
0x23d4 <strxfrm+52>:   movel d1,d0
0x23d6 <strxfrm+54>:   movel fp@(-4),d2
0x23da <strxfrm+58>:   unlk fp
0x23dc <strxfrm+60>:   rts

```

The machine code of the above program is:

```

<strxfrm>:      0x4e56  0x0000  0x2f02  0x226e  0x0008  0x206e  0x000c  0x202e
<strxfrm+16>:  0x0010  0x4281  0x4a80  0x671c  0x6012  0x5281  0x5380  0x660a
<strxfrm+32>:  0x6002  0x5281  0x4a18  0x66fa  0x6008  0x12c2  0x1418  0x49c2
<strxfrm+48>:  0x66e8  0x4211  0x2001  0x242e  0xfffc  0x4e5e  0x4e75

```

```

'(78      86      0      0      47      2      34      110
 0      8      32      110     0      12      32      46
 0      16     66     129     74     128     103     28
 96     18     82     129     83     128     102     10
 96     2      82     129     74     24     102     250
 96     8      18     194     20     24     73     194
102    232     66     17     32     1      36     46
255    252     78     94     78     117)

```

|#

; in the logic, the above program is defined by (strxfrm-code).

DEFINITION:

STRXFRM-CODE

```

= '(78 86 0 0 47 2 34 110 0 8 32 110 0 12 32 46 0 16 66
    129 74 128 103 28 96 18 82 129 83 128 102 10 96 2 82
    129 74 24 102 250 96 8 18 194 20 24 73 194 102 232
    66 17 32 1 36 46 255 252 78 94 78 117)

```

; the Berkeley strxfrm returns the following value. It seems a bug!

DEFINITION:

strxfrm-n(*n2*, *lst2*, *n*)

```

= if n ≈ 0 then 0
  else strlen(0, n2, lst2) endif

```

; the computation time of the program.

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-t2(j, n2, lst2)
=  if j < n2
    then if get-nth(j, lst2) = 0 then 8
        else splus(3, strxfm-t2(1 + j, n2, lst2)) endif
    else 0 endif

```

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-t1(i, n2, lst2) = splus(7, strxfm-t2(1 + i, n2, lst2))

```

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-t0(i, n2, lst2, n)
=  if get-nth(i, lst2) = 0 then 8
    elseif (n - 1) = 0 then strxfm-t1(i, n2, lst2)
    else splus(7, strxfm-t0(1 + i, n2, lst2, n - 1)) endif

```

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-t(n2, lst2, n)
=  if n ≈ 0 then 12
    else splus(9, strxfm-t0(0, n2, lst2, n)) endif

```

; two induction hints.

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-induct2(s, j*, j, n2, lst2)
=  if j < n2
    then if get-nth(j, lst2) = 0 then t
        else strxfm-induct2(stepn(s, 3),
                             add(32, j*, 1),
                             1 + j,
                             n2,
                             lst2) endif
    else t endif

```

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-induct1(s, i*, i, lst1, lst2, n)
=  if get-nth(i, lst2) = 0 then t
    elseif (n - 1) = 0 then t
    else strxfm-induct1(stepn(s, 7),
                        add(32, i*, 1),
                        1 + i,
                        put-nth(get-nth(i, lst2), i, lst1),
                        lst2,
                        n - 1) endif

```

; the preconditions of the initial state.

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-statep (s, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
= ((mc-status(s) = 'running)
  ∧ evenp(mc-pc(s))
  ∧ rom-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), 62)
  ∧ mcode-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), STRXFRM-CODE)
  ∧ ram-addrp(sub(32, 8, read-sp(s)), mc-mem(s), 24)
  ∧ ram-addrp(str1, mc-mem(s), n1)
  ∧ mem-lst(1, str1, mc-mem(s), n1, lst1)
  ∧ ram-addrp(str2, mc-mem(s), n2)
  ∧ mem-lst(1, str2, mc-mem(s), n2, lst2)
  ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 8, read-sp(s)), 24, str1, n1)
  ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 8, read-sp(s)), 24, str2, n2)
  ∧ disjoint(str1, n1, str2, n2)
  ∧ (str1 = read-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 4), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (str2 = read-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 8), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (n = uread-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 12), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (slen(0, n2, lst2) < n2)
  ∧ (n2 ≤ n1)
  ∧ (n1 ∈ N)
  ∧ (n2 ∈ N)
  ∧ uint-rangep(n1, 32)
  ∧ uint-rangep(n2, 32))

```

; an intermediate state *s0*.

DEFINITION:

```

strxfm-s0p (s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
= ((mc-status(s) = 'running)
  ∧ evenp(mc-pc(s))
  ∧ rom-addrp(sub(32, 44, mc-pc(s)), mc-mem(s), 62)
  ∧ mcode-addrp(sub(32, 44, mc-pc(s)), mc-mem(s), STRXFRM-CODE)
  ∧ ram-addrp(sub(32, 4, read-an(32, 6, s)), mc-mem(s), 24)
  ∧ ram-addrp(str1, mc-mem(s), n1)
  ∧ mem-lst(1, str1, mc-mem(s), n1, lst1)
  ∧ ram-addrp(str2, mc-mem(s), n2)
  ∧ mem-lst(1, str2, mc-mem(s), n2, lst2)
  ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 4, read-an(32, 6, s)), 24, str1, n1)
  ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 4, read-an(32, 6, s)), 24, str2, n2)
  ∧ disjoint(str1, n1, str2, n2)
  ∧ equal*(read-an(32, 1, s), add(32, str1, i*))
  ∧ equal*(read-an(32, 0, s), add(32, str2, i*))
  ∧ (n = nat-to-uint(read-dn(32, 0, s)))
  ∧ (i* = read-dn(32, 1, s))

```

$\wedge (i = \text{nat-to-uint}(i^*))$   
 $\wedge (n \neq 0)$   
 $\wedge (\text{slen}(i, n2, lst2) < n2)$   
 $\wedge (n2 \leq n1)$   
 $\wedge (i < n2)$   
 $\wedge (n1 \in \mathbf{N})$   
 $\wedge (n2 \in \mathbf{N})$   
 $\wedge \text{uint-range}(n1, 32)$   
 $\wedge \text{uint-range}(n2, 32)$

; an intermediate state  $s1$ .

DEFINITION:

$\text{strxfrm-s1p}(s, i^*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j^*, j, str2, n2, lst2)$   
 $= ((\text{mc-status}(s) = \text{'running'})$   
 $\wedge \text{evenp}(\text{mc-pc}(s))$   
 $\wedge \text{rom-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 36, \text{mc-pc}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), 62)$   
 $\wedge \text{mcode-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 36, \text{mc-pc}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), \text{STRXFRM-CODE})$   
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-an}(32, 6, s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), 24)$   
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(str1, \text{mc-mem}(s), n1)$   
 $\wedge \text{mem-lst}(1, str1, \text{mc-mem}(s), n1, lst1)$   
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(str2, \text{mc-mem}(s), n2)$   
 $\wedge \text{mem-lst}(1, str2, \text{mc-mem}(s), n2, lst2)$   
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(\text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-an}(32, 6, s)), 24, str1, n1)$   
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(\text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-an}(32, 6, s)), 24, str2, n2)$   
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(str1, n1, str2, n2)$   
 $\wedge \text{equal}^*(\text{read-an}(32, 1, s), \text{add}(32, str1, i^*))$   
 $\wedge \text{equal}^*(\text{read-an}(32, 0, s), \text{add}(32, str2, j^*))$   
 $\wedge (j^* = \text{read-dn}(32, 1, s))$   
 $\wedge (j = \text{nat-to-uint}(j^*))$   
 $\wedge (i < n1)$   
 $\wedge (\text{slen}(j, n2, lst2) < n2)$   
 $\wedge (i^* \in \mathbf{N})$   
 $\wedge \text{nat-range}(i^*, 32)$   
 $\wedge (i = \text{nat-to-uint}(i^*))$   
 $\wedge (n1 \in \mathbf{N})$   
 $\wedge (n2 \in \mathbf{N})$   
 $\wedge \text{uint-range}(n1, 32)$   
 $\wedge \text{uint-range}(n2, 32))$

; from the initial state  $s$  to exit:  $s \dashrightarrow sn$ , when  $n = 0$ .

THEOREM:  $\text{strxfrm-s-sn}$

$(\text{strxfrm-statep}(s, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n) \wedge (n \simeq 0))$   
 $\rightarrow ((\text{mc-status}(\text{stepn}(s, 12)) = \text{'running'})$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge (\text{mc-pc}(\text{stepn}(s, 12)) = \text{rts-addr}(s)) \\
& \wedge \text{mem-lst}(1, \text{str1}, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 12)), n1, \text{lst1}) \\
& \wedge (\text{uread-dn}(32, 0, \text{stepn}(s, 12)) = 0) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 12))) \\
& \quad = \text{add}(32, \text{read-an}(32, 7, s), 4)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 12))) = \text{read-an}(32, 6, s))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strxfm-s-sn-rfile

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \\
& \quad \wedge (n \simeq 0) \\
& \quad \wedge (\text{oplen} \leq 32) \\
& \quad \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 12))) \\
& \quad = \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strxfm-s-sn-mem

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \\
& \quad \wedge (n \simeq 0) \\
& \quad \wedge \text{disjoint}(x, k, \text{sub}(32, 8, \text{read-sp}(s)), 24)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 12)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k))
\end{aligned}$$

; from the initial state to s0: s --> s0, when n =\= 0.

THEOREM: strxfm-s-s0

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \wedge (n \not\approx 0)) \\
& \rightarrow \text{strxfm-s0p}(\text{stepn}(s, 9), 0, 0, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n)
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strxfm-s-s0-else

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \wedge (n \not\approx 0)) \\
& \rightarrow ((\text{linked-rts-addr}(\text{stepn}(s, 9)) = \text{rts-addr}(s)) \\
& \quad \wedge (\text{linked-a6}(\text{stepn}(s, 9)) = \text{read-an}(32, 6, s)) \\
& \quad \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 9))) \\
& \quad \quad = \text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-sp}(s))) \\
& \quad \wedge (\text{rn-saved}(\text{stepn}(s, 9)) = \text{read-dn}(32, 2, s)))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strxfm-s-s0-rfile

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \wedge (n \not\approx 0) \wedge \text{d3-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 9))) \\
& \quad = \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strxfm-s-s0-mem

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strxfm-statep}(s, \text{str1}, n1, \text{lst1}, \text{str2}, n2, \text{lst2}, n) \\
& \quad \wedge (n \not\approx 0) \\
& \quad \wedge \text{disjoint}(x, k, \text{sub}(32, 8, \text{read-sp}(s)), 24)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 9)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k))
\end{aligned}$$

; from s1 to exit: s1 --> sn. By induction.  
; base case: s1 --> sn, when lst2[i] == 0.

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn-base

(strxfm-s1p(*s*, *i*<sup>\*</sup>, *i*, *str1*, *n1*, *lst1*, *j*<sup>\*</sup>, *j*, *str2*, *n2*, *lst2*)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth(*j*, *lst2*) = 0)  
 $\rightarrow$  ((mc-status(stepn(*s*, 8)) = 'running)  
 $\wedge$  (mc-pc(stepn(*s*, 8)) = linked-rtts-addr(*s*))  
 $\wedge$  mem-1st(1, *str1*, mc-mem(stepn(*s*, 8)), *n1*, put-nth(0, *i*, *lst1*))  
 $\wedge$  (uread-dn(32, 0, stepn(*s*, 8)) = *j*)  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(stepn(*s*, 8))) = linked-a6(*s*))  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(stepn(*s*, 8)))  
= add(32, read-an(32, 6, *s*), 8)))

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn-rfile-base

(strxfm-s1p(*s*, *i*<sup>\*</sup>, *i*, *str1*, *n1*, *lst1*, *j*<sup>\*</sup>, *j*, *str2*, *n2*, *lst2*)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth(*j*, *lst2*) = 0)  
 $\wedge$  (oplen  $\leq$  32)  
 $\wedge$  d2-7a2-5p(*rn*)  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-rn(oplen, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s*, 8)))  
= **if** d3-7a2-5p(*rn*) **then** read-rn(oplen, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s*))  
**else** head(rn-saved(*s*), oplen) **endif**)

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn-mem-base

(strxfm-s1p(*s*, *i*<sup>\*</sup>, *i*, *str1*, *n1*, *lst1*, *j*<sup>\*</sup>, *j*, *str2*, *n2*, *lst2*)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth(*j*, *lst2*) = 0)  
 $\wedge$  disjoint(*x*, *k*, *str1*, *n1*)  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(stepn(*s*, 8)), *k*) = read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(*s*), *k*))

; induction case: s1 --> s1.

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-s1

(strxfm-s1p(*s*, *i*<sup>\*</sup>, *i*, *str1*, *n1*, *lst1*, *j*<sup>\*</sup>, *j*, *str2*, *n2*, *lst2*)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth(*j*, *lst2*)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\rightarrow$  (strxfm-s1p(stepn(*s*, 3),  
*i*<sup>\*</sup>,  
*i*,  
*str1*,  
*n1*,  
*lst1*,  
add(32, *j*<sup>\*</sup>, 1),  
1 + *j*,  
*str2*,  
*n2*,  
*lst2*)



$\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (stepn (s, 3)))  
= read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (s)))  
 $\wedge$  (linked-a6 (stepn (s, 3)) = linked-a6 (s))  
 $\wedge$  (linked-rts-addr (stepn (s, 3)) = linked-rts-addr (s))  
 $\wedge$  (read-mem (x, mc-mem (stepn (s, 3)), k)  
= read-mem (x, mc-mem (s), k))  
 $\wedge$  (rn-saved (stepn (s, 3)) = rn-saved (s))

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-s1-rfile

(strxfm-s1p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j\*, j, str2, n2, lst2)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth (j, lst2)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\wedge$  d3-7a2-5p (rn))  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (stepn (s, 3)))  
= read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s)))

; put together: s1 --> sn.

THEOREM: strxfm-s1p-info

strxfm-s1p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j\*, j, str2, n2, lst2)  $\rightarrow$  ((j < n2) = t)

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn

**let** sn **be** stepn (s, strxfm-t2 (j, n2, lst2))  
**in**  
strxfm-s1p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j\*, j, str2, n2, lst2)  
 $\rightarrow$  ((mc-status (sn) = 'running)  
 $\wedge$  (mc-pc (sn) = linked-rts-addr (s))  
 $\wedge$  mem-1st (1, str1, mc-mem (sn), n1, put-nth (0, i, lst1))  
 $\wedge$  (uread-dn (32, 0, sn) = strlen (j, n2, lst2))  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (sn)) = linked-a6 (s))  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 15, mc-rfile (sn))  
= add (32, read-an (32, 6, s), 8))) **endlet**

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn-rfile

(strxfm-s1p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j\*, j, str2, n2, lst2)  
 $\wedge$  (oplen  $\leq$  32)  
 $\wedge$  d2-7a2-5p (rn))  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (stepn (s, strxfm-t2 (j, n2, lst2))))  
= **if** d3-7a2-5p (rn) **then** read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s))  
**else** head (rn-saved (s), oplen) **endif**)

THEOREM: strxfm-s1-sn-mem

(strxfm-s1p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, j\*, j, str2, n2, lst2)  
 $\wedge$  disjoint (x, k, str1, n1))  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-mem (x, mc-mem (stepn (s, strxfm-t2 (j, n2, lst2))), k)  
= read-mem (x, mc-mem (s), k))

EVENT: Disable strxfrm-s1p-info.

; from s0 to exit: s0 --> sn. By induction.  
; base case 1. s0 --> sn, when lst2[i] = 0.

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-base1

```
let sn be stepn (s, 8)
in
(strxfrm-s0p (s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ^ (get-nth (i, lst2) = 0)
  → ((mc-status (sn) = 'running)
      ^ (mc-pc (sn) = linked-rtts-addr (s))
      ^ mem-lst (1, str1, mc-mem (sn), n1, put-nth (0, i, lst1))
      ^ (uread-dn (32, 0, sn) = i)
      ^ (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (sn)) = linked-a6 (s))
      ^ (read-rn (32, 15, mc-rfile (sn))
          = add (32, read-an (32, 6, s), 8))) endlet
```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-rfile-base1

```
(strxfrm-s0p (s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ^ (get-nth (i, lst2) = 0)
  ^ (oplen ≤ 32)
  ^ d2-7a2-5p (rn))
→ (read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (stepn (s, 8)))
    = if d3-7a2-5p (rn) then read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s))
      else head (rn-saved (s), oplen) endif)
```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-mem-base1

```
(strxfrm-s0p (s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ^ (get-nth (i, lst2) = 0)
  ^ disjoint (x, k, str1, n1))
→ (read-mem (x, mc-mem (stepn (s, 8)), k) = read-mem (x, mc-mem (s), k))
```

; base case 2: s0 --> s1 --> sn, when lst2[i] = 0 and n-1 == 0.  
; s0 --> s1.

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-s1

```
(strxfrm-s0p (s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ^ (get-nth (i, lst2) ≠ 0)
  ^ ((n - 1) = 0)
  → strxfrm-s1p (stepn (s, 7),
                 i*,
                 i,
                 str1,
```

$n1,$   
 $lst1,$   
 $add(32, i^*, 1),$   
 $1 + i,$   
 $str2,$   
 $n2,$   
 $lst2)$

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-s1-else

$(strxfrm-s0p(s, i^*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)$   
 $\wedge (get-nth(i, lst2) \neq 0)$   
 $\wedge ((n - 1) = 0)$   
 $\rightarrow ((linked-rts-addr(stepn(s, 7)) = linked-rts-addr(s))$   
 $\wedge (linked-a6(stepn(s, 7)) = linked-a6(s))$   
 $\wedge (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(stepn(s, 7)))$   
 $= read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s)))$   
 $\wedge (rn-saved(stepn(s, 7)) = rn-saved(s)))$

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-s1-rfile

$(strxfrm-s0p(s, i^*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)$   
 $\wedge (get-nth(i, lst2) \neq 0)$   
 $\wedge ((n - 1) = 0)$   
 $\wedge d3-7a2-5p(rn))$   
 $\rightarrow (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(stepn(s, 7)))$   
 $= read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s)))$

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-s1-mem

$(strxfrm-s0p(s, i^*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)$   
 $\wedge (get-nth(i, lst2) \neq 0)$   
 $\wedge ((n - 1) = 0)$   
 $\wedge disjoint(x, k, str1, n1))$   
 $\rightarrow (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s, 7)), k) = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k))$

; s0 --> sn.

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-base2

**let**  $sn$  **be**  $stepn(s, strxfrm-t1(i, n2, lst2))$   
**in**  
 $(strxfrm-s0p(s, i^*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)$   
 $\wedge (get-nth(i, lst2) \neq 0)$   
 $\wedge ((n - 1) = 0)$   
 $\rightarrow ((mc-status(sn) = 'running)$   
 $\wedge (mc-pc(sn) = linked-rts-addr(s))$   
 $\wedge mem-lst(1, str1, mc-mem(sn), n1, put-nth(0, i, lst1))$   
 $\wedge (uread-dn(32, 0, sn) = strlen(1 + i, n2, lst2))$

$\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (sn)) = linked-a6 (s))  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 15, mc-rfile (sn))  
= add (32, read-an (32, 6, s), 8)) **endlet**

THEOREM: strxfm-s0-sn-rfile-base2

(strxfm-s0p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth (i, lst2)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\wedge$  ((n - 1) = 0)  
 $\wedge$  (oplen  $\leq$  32)  
 $\wedge$  d2-7a2-5p (rn))  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (stepn (s, strxfm-t1 (i, n2, lst2))))  
= **if** d3-7a2-5p (rn) **then** read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s))  
**else** head (rn-saved (s), oplen) **endif**)

THEOREM: strxfm-s0-sn-mem-base2

(strxfm-s0p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth (i, lst2)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\wedge$  ((n - 1) = 0)  
 $\wedge$  disjoint (x, k, str1, n1))  
 $\rightarrow$  (read-mem (x, mc-mem (stepn (s, strxfm-t1 (i, n2, lst2))), k)  
= read-mem (x, mc-mem (s), k))

; induction case: s0 --> s0, when lst2[i] =\= 0 and n-1 =\= 0.

THEOREM: strxfm-s0-s0

(strxfm-s0p (s, i\*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)  
 $\wedge$  (get-nth (i, lst2)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\wedge$  ((n - 1)  $\neq$  0)  
 $\rightarrow$  (strxfm-s0p (stepn (s, 7),  
add (32, i\*, 1),  
1 + i,  
str1,  
n1,  
put-nth (get-nth (i, lst2), i, lst1),  
str2,  
n2,  
lst2,  
n - 1)  
 $\wedge$  (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (stepn (s, 7)))  
= read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile (s)))  
 $\wedge$  (linked-a6 (stepn (s, 7)) = linked-a6 (s))  
 $\wedge$  (linked-rts-addr (stepn (s, 7)) = linked-rts-addr (s))  
 $\wedge$  (rn-saved (stepn (s, 7)) = rn-saved (s)))

THEOREM: strxfm-s0-s0-rfile

```

(strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ∧ (get-nth(i, lst2) ≠ 0)
  ∧ ((n - 1) ≠ 0)
  ∧ d3-7a2-5p(rn)
→ (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(stepn(s, 7)))
   = read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s)))

```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-s0-mem

```

(strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ∧ (get-nth(i, lst2) ≠ 0)
  ∧ ((n - 1) ≠ 0)
  ∧ disjoint(x, k, str1, n1)
→ (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s, 7)), k) = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k))

```

; put together: s0 --> sn.

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0p-info

```

strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n) → ((i < n2) = t)

```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn

```

let sn be stepn(s, strxfrm-t0(i, n2, lst2, n))
in
strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
→ ((mc-status(sn) = 'running)
   ∧ (mc-pc(sn) = linked-rtts-addr(s))
   ∧ mem-lst(1, str1, mc-mem(sn), n1, strxfrm1(i, lst1, lst2, n))
   ∧ (uread-dn(32, 0, sn) = strlen(i, n2, lst2))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(sn)) = linked-a6(s))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(sn))
      = add(32, read-an(32, 6, s), 8))) endlet

```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-rfile

```

(strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
  ∧ (oplen ≤ 32)
  ∧ d2-7a2-5p(rn)
→ (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(stepn(s, strxfrm-t0(i, n2, lst2, n))))
   = if d3-7a2-5p(rn) then read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s))
     else head(rn-saved(s), oplen) endif)

```

THEOREM: strxfrm-s0-sn-mem

```

(strxfrm-s0p(s, i*, i, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n) ∧ disjoint(x, k, str1, n1)
→ (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s, strxfrm-t0(i, n2, lst2, n))), k)
   = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k))

```

EVENT: Disable strxfrm-s0p-info.

; the correctness of strxfm.

THEOREM: strxfm-correctness

```
let sn be stepn(s, strxfm-t(n2, lst2, n))
in
strxfm-statep(s, str1, n1, lst1, str2, n2, lst2, n)
→ ((mc-status(sn) = 'running)
   ∧ (mc-pc(sn) = rts-addr(s))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(sn))
      = read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s)))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(sn))
      = add(32, read-an(32, 7, s), 4))
   ∧ ((d2-7a2-5p(rn) ∧ (oplen ≤ 32))
      → (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(sn))
          = read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s))))
   ∧ ((disjoint(x, k, str1, n1)
      ∧ disjoint(x, k, sub(32, 8, read-sp(s)), 24))
      → (read-mem(x, mc-mem(sn), k)
          = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k)))
   ∧ (uread-dn(32, 0, sn) = strxfm-n(n2, lst2, n))
   ∧ mem-lst(1, str1, mc-mem(sn), n1, strxfm(lst1, lst2, n))) endlet
```

EVENT: Disable strxfm-t.

```
; some properties of strxfm.
; see file cstring.events.
```

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