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MULTIMODAL CONTEXTUALIZED SEMANTIC PARSING FROM SPEECH

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Paper Link





Introduction

SPICE - Semantic Parsing in Contextual Environments

Aims to formulate multi-turn, multimodal, dialogue through the iterative updates and utilization of knowledge graphs with Semantic Parsing.





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SPICE - Semantic Parsing in Contextual Environments

Aims to formulate multi-turn, multimodal, dialogue through the iterative updates and utilization of knowledge graphs with Semantic Parsing. SPICE advances applications of Semantic Parsing to compliment dialogue focused tasks





Motivation

Human Conversation is:

- Iterative
- Multimodal
 - e.q., Audio, Vision,
 Paralinguistics
- Exists within a structured knowledge base





SPICE











Semantic Parsing







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Unimodal: Processes primarily textual data







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- Non-Structure: Rarely conditioned on dynamic structured contexts







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SPICE





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- **Iterative:** Requires iteratively updating the context over multiple interactions





Semantic Parsing

- Unimodal: Processes primarily textual data
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- Multimodal: Requires multimodal input utilization
- **Iterative:** Requires iteratively updating the context over multiple interactions
- Structure Conditioning: Requires conditioning on both novel inputs and prior contexts at each update





SPICE Benefits

Computationally Efficient





SPICE Benefits

Computationally Efficient Human Comprehensible





SPICE Benefits

Computationally Efficient Human Comprehensible Modular and Adaptable





How can we develop and measure current SPICE capabilities?





VG-SPICE

- A novel training and evaluation dataset matching SPICEs formulation
- Derived from Visual Genome annotations refined with synthetic augmentations
- Simulates iterative construction of scene graphs from single-perspective dialogue





VG-SPICE

	Scene Visual	Current Context	Spoken Utterance
Inputs		Node: (ID: 0) "sign" with Attributes "white" Node: (ID: 1) "boat" with Attributes "floating" Node: (ID: 2) "post" Node: (ID: 3) "walkway" Node: (ID: 3) "bird" Node: (ID: 5) "land" Node: (ID: 6) "sky" with Attributes "cloudy" Node: (ID: 7) "water" Node: (ID: 8) "boat" Node: (ID: 9) "door" Edge: Node "boat" (ID: 1) with Predicate "in" to Node "water" (ID: 7)	The bird is perched on a white sign while a small, floating boat glides across the water. The boat is surrounded by a cloudy sky and a wooden walkway leads up to a door. In the distance, a fence stretches across the land, separating the water from the shore.
Output		#ADD_ATTR(\$ID(1), \$ATTRS(["small"])); #ADD_ATTR(\$ID(3), \$ ATTRS(["wooden"])); #ADD_NODE(\$NODE(\$ID(10), \$NAME("fence"))); #ADD_EDGE (\$ID(4), \$ID(0), \$PREDICATE("perched on")); #END();	

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VG-SPICE

	Scene Visual	Current Context	Spoken Utterance	Statistia	Value
Inputs		Node: (ID: 0) "sign" with Attributes "white" Node: (ID: 1) "boat" with Attributes "floating" Node: (ID: 2) "post" Node: (ID: 2) "post" Node: (ID: 5) "land" Node: (ID: 5) "land" Node: (ID: 6) "sky" with Attributes "cloudy" Node: (ID: 7) "water" Node: (ID: 8) "boat" Node: (ID: 9) "door" Edge: Node "boat" (ID: 1) with Predicate "in" to Node "water" (ID: 7)	The bird is perched on a white sign while a small, floating boat glides across the water. The boat is surrounded by a cloudy sky and a wooden walkway leads up to a door. In the distance, a fence stretches across the land, separating the water from the shore.	# Samples # Unique Scenes Hours of Audio Avg. Words per Utterance Avg. Nodes Added	131362 22346 10.56 71.83 1.27
Output		<pre>#ADD_ATTR(\$ID(1), \$ATTRS(["small"])); #ADD_ATTR(\$ID(3), \$ATTRS(["wooden"])); #ADD_NODE(\$NODE(\$ID(10), \$NAME("fence"))); #ADD_EDGE (\$ID(4), \$ID(0), \$PREDICATE("perched on #END();</pre>));	Avg. Attributes Added Avg. Edges Added	0.93 0.60





VG-SPICE Clean-Challenge Set

• Sample evaluation subset of 50 visual scenes over 250 samples





VG-SPICE Clean-Challenge Set

- Sample evaluation subset of 50 visual scenes
- Human annotated for high quality and dense scene graphs and dialogue utterances





VG-SPICE Clean-Challenge Set

- Sample evaluation subset of 50 visual scenes
- Human annotated for high quality and dense scene graphs and dialogue utterances
- Includes both TTS audio samples and single voice real human speech for out of domain evaluation







 To set a baseline for VG-SPICE we produce a initial model, AViD-SP, built on LLaMa 2 7B, using pretrained per-modality encoders (DINOv2 and Whisper-Large)





- To set a baseline for VG-SPICE we train a LLM based model, AViD-SP, built on LLaMa 2 7B, using pretrained per-modality encoders (DINOv2 and Whisper-Large)
- We evaluate AViD-SP with two forms of multimodal features adaptation modules
 - Linear Projection + Meanpooling
 - A novel Grouped Modality Adaptation Down Sampler (GMADS)





























































Evaluation Metrics

- Evaluations are performed using Representation Edit Distance
 - Group Attributes and Nodes together
 - Uses sentence embedding representations to identify semantic edit distance between reference and prediction
 - We include both Soft (penalizes only omissions) and Hard (penalizes erroneous additions as well) metric variants





Evaluation Results

Model Type		S-RED↓	
	0dB	20dB	Gold*
AViD-SP + GMADS			
Base	0.402	0.3765	0.348
w/o Image	0.407	0.384	0.364
w/o Audio	0.570	0.538	0.481
w Incorrect Image**	-	0.381	-
w/o Prior Context***	-	0.478	-
AViD-SP + Meanpool			
Base	0.377	0.359	0.323
w/o Image	0.386	0.362	0.330
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Clean Challenge Set Results

• Our novel multimodal fusion method, GMADS, manages to far exceed meanpooling on out of domain real-world performance.

Variant	TTS		Read	
	H-RED↓	S-RED↓	H-RED↓	S-RED↓
GMADS	0.739	0.497	0.731	0.497
Meanpool	0.640	0.460	1.415	0.628



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