

This print-out should have 10 questions. Multiple-choice questions may continue on the next column or page – find all choices before answering.

001 10.0 points

Determine whether the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$$

is convergent or divergent, and if convergent, find its sum.

1. convergent, sum = $\frac{12}{5}$
2. convergent, sum = 12
3. divergent
4. convergent, sum = -13
5. convergent, sum = 13

002 10.0 points

Determine whether the infinite series

$$4 - 3 + \frac{9}{4} - \frac{27}{16} + \frac{81}{64} \dots$$

is convergent or divergent, and if convergent, find its sum.

1. convergent with sum $\frac{7}{16}$
2. divergent
3. convergent with sum $\frac{16}{7}$
4. convergent with sum 16
5. convergent with sum $\frac{1}{16}$

003 10.0 points

Determine whether the series

$$2 + 3 + \frac{9}{2} + \frac{27}{4} + \dots$$

is convergent or divergent, and if convergent, find its sum.

1. convergent with sum = 9
2. convergent with sum = $\frac{1}{4}$
3. convergent with sum = 4
4. divergent
5. convergent with sum = $\frac{1}{9}$

004 10.0 points

Determine if the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 + 2^n}{4^n}$$

converges or diverges, and if it converges, find its sum.

1. converges with sum = $\frac{3}{2}$
2. converges with sum = $\frac{11}{6}$
3. series diverges
4. converges with sum = $\frac{5}{3}$
5. converges with sum = $\frac{7}{6}$
6. converges with sum = $\frac{4}{3}$

005 10.0 points

If the n^{th} partial sum of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is

$$S_n = \frac{3n - 5}{n + 1},$$

What is the sum of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$?

1. sum = 3
2. sum = 4
3. sum = 1
4. sum = 0
5. sum = 2

006 10.0 points

If the n^{th} partial sum S_n of an infinite series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$$

is given by

$$S_n = 7 - \frac{n}{6^n},$$

find a_n for $n > 1$.

1. $a_n = 7 \left(\frac{7n - 6}{6^n} \right)$
2. $a_n = 7 \left(\frac{n - 6}{6^{n-1}} \right)$
3. $a_n = \frac{7n - 6}{6^n}$
4. $a_n = \frac{n - 6}{6^{n-1}}$
5. $a_n = 7 \left(\frac{5n - 6}{6^n} \right)$
6. $a_n = \frac{5n - 6}{6^n}$

007 10.0 points

Find the general term for the sequence of partial sums for the series:

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} + \dots$$

1. $\frac{n}{n-1}$

2. $\frac{2^n - 1}{2^n}$

3. $\frac{1}{2^n}$

4. 1

5. $\frac{n}{n+1}$

008 10.0 points

Find the general term for the sequence of partial sums for

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3^n}$$

1. $\frac{3^n - 1}{2}$

2. $\frac{1}{2}$

3. $\frac{3^n - 1}{3^n}$

4. 1

5. $\frac{1}{3^n}$

009 10.0 points

Find the general term for the sequence of partial sums for the series:

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} + \dots$$

1. $\frac{n}{n+1}$

2. $\frac{1}{n(n+1)}$

3. 1

4. $\frac{1}{n+1}$

5. $\frac{1}{2^n}$

010 10.0 points

Determine whether the series is convergent or divergent by expressing s_n as a telescoping sum. If it is convergent find its sum.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$$

1. convergent with a sum of 0
2. divergent
3. convergent with a sum of 2
4. convergent with a sum of 1
5. convergent with a sum of -1