CS371N: Natural Language Processing Lecture 1: Introduction

Greg Durrett (he/him)

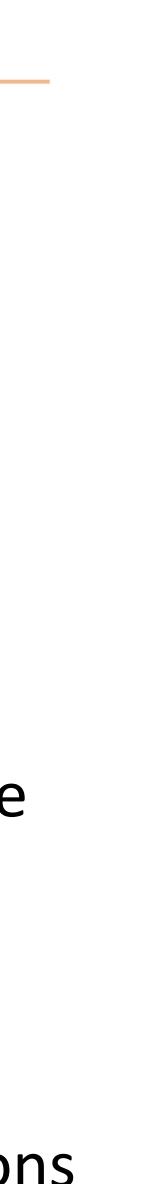






- Lecture: Tuesdays and Thursdays 9:30am-10:45am in JGB 2.218 Recordings available afterwards on LecturesOnline
- Course website (including syllabus): http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~gdurrett/courses/fa2024/cs371n.shtml
- Ed Discussion board: link on Canvas
- Office hours: see course website and Canvas. Greg's are hybrid, some TA OHs are hybrid too. Office hours start Thursday after class.
- TAs: Juan Diego Rodriguez and Grace Kim.
- Office hours start today, and I will stay around after this class if you have questions

Administrivia





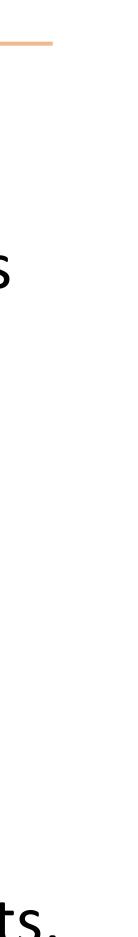
CS 429

- Recommended: CS 331, familiarity with probability and linear algebra, programming experience in Python
- Helpful: Exposure to AI and machine learning (e.g., CS 342/343/363)
- Assignment 0 is out now (optional):
 - If this seems like it'll be challenging for you, come and talk to me (this is smallerscale than the other assignments, which are smaller-scale than the final project)



- Lectures will build in time for discussion, in-class exercises, and questions. Additional material is available as videos to watch either before or after lectures
 - Format: in-person to encourage discussion, but all materials are available asynchronously afterwards
- Equipment: useful to have a device for lecture to do Instapolls. For homework:
 - Lab machines available via SSH
 - A GPU is not required to complete the assignments! Having a GPU, GCP credits, or Google Colab access will be helpful for the final project though

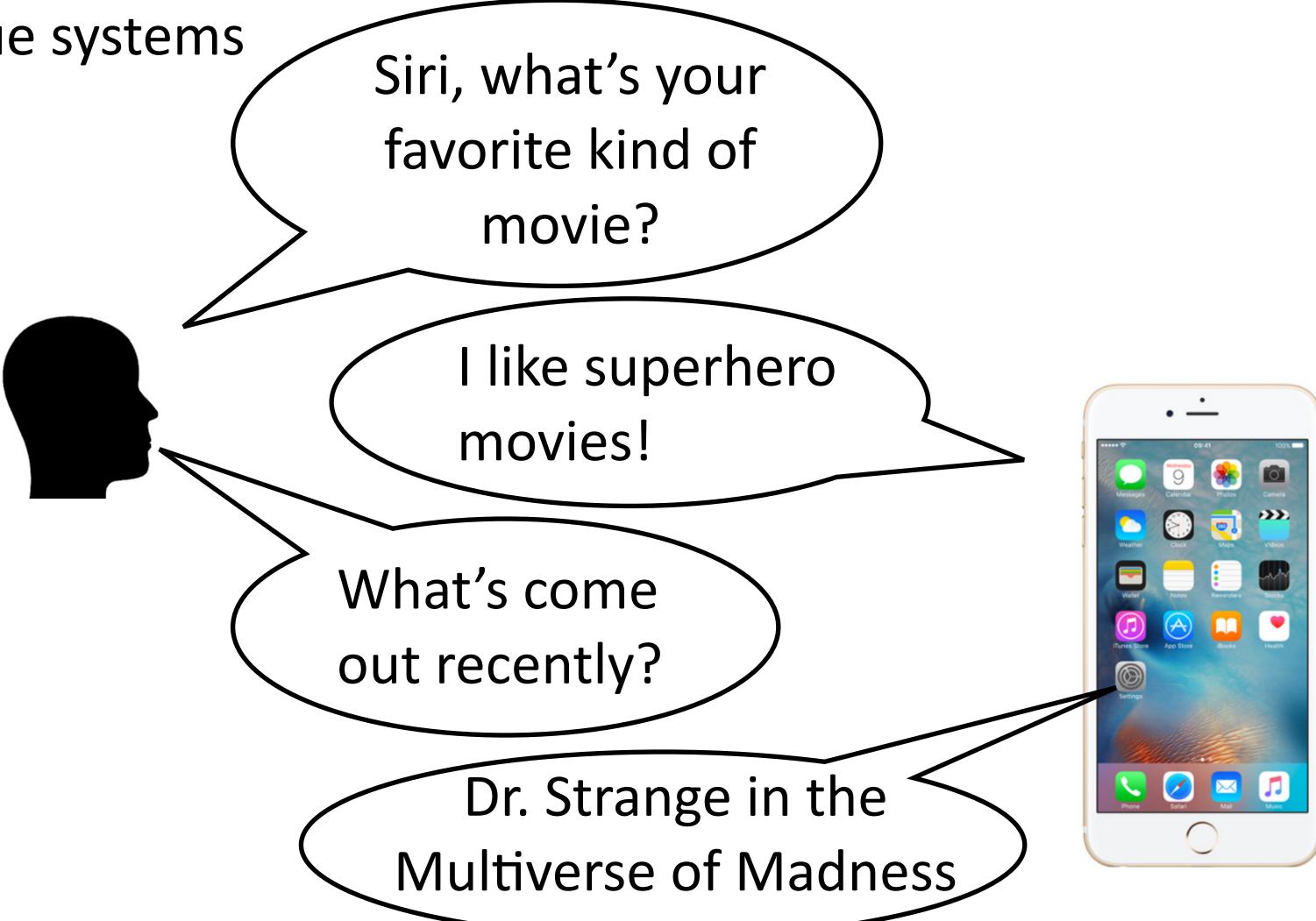
Format and Accessibility



What's the goal of NLP?



- Be able to solve problems that require deep understanding of text
- Example: dialogue systems





The Political Bureau of the CPC Central July 30 hold a meeting Committee 中共中央政治局7月30日召开会议, 会议分析研究当前经 济形势, 部署下半年经济工作。 Translate

The Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee held a meeting on July 30 to analyze and study the current economic situation and plan economic work in the second half of the year.

Machine Translation

People's Daily, August 10, 2020





When was Abrahar	n Lincoln bo	orn
Name	Birthday	m
Lincoln, Abraham	2/12/1809	
Washington, George	2/22/1732	
Adams, John	10/30/1735	



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Rocky Mountain National Park

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Rocky Mountain National Park is an American national park located a within the Front Range of the Rocky Mountains. The park is situated be slopes of the Continental Divide run directly through the center of the p features of the park include mountains, alpine lakes and a wide variety

The Rocky Mountain National Park Act was signed by President Wood generations.^[3] The Civilian Conservation Corps built the main automot World Biosphere Reserves.^[7] In 2018, more than 4.5 million recreation ranking as the third most visited national park in 2015.^[9] In 2019, the p

The park has a total of five visitor centers^[11] with park headquarters loc Lloyd Wright School of Architecture at Taliesin West.^[12] National Fores Forest to the north and west, and Arapaho National Forest to the west

Question Answering

- ?ו
- nap to Birthday field

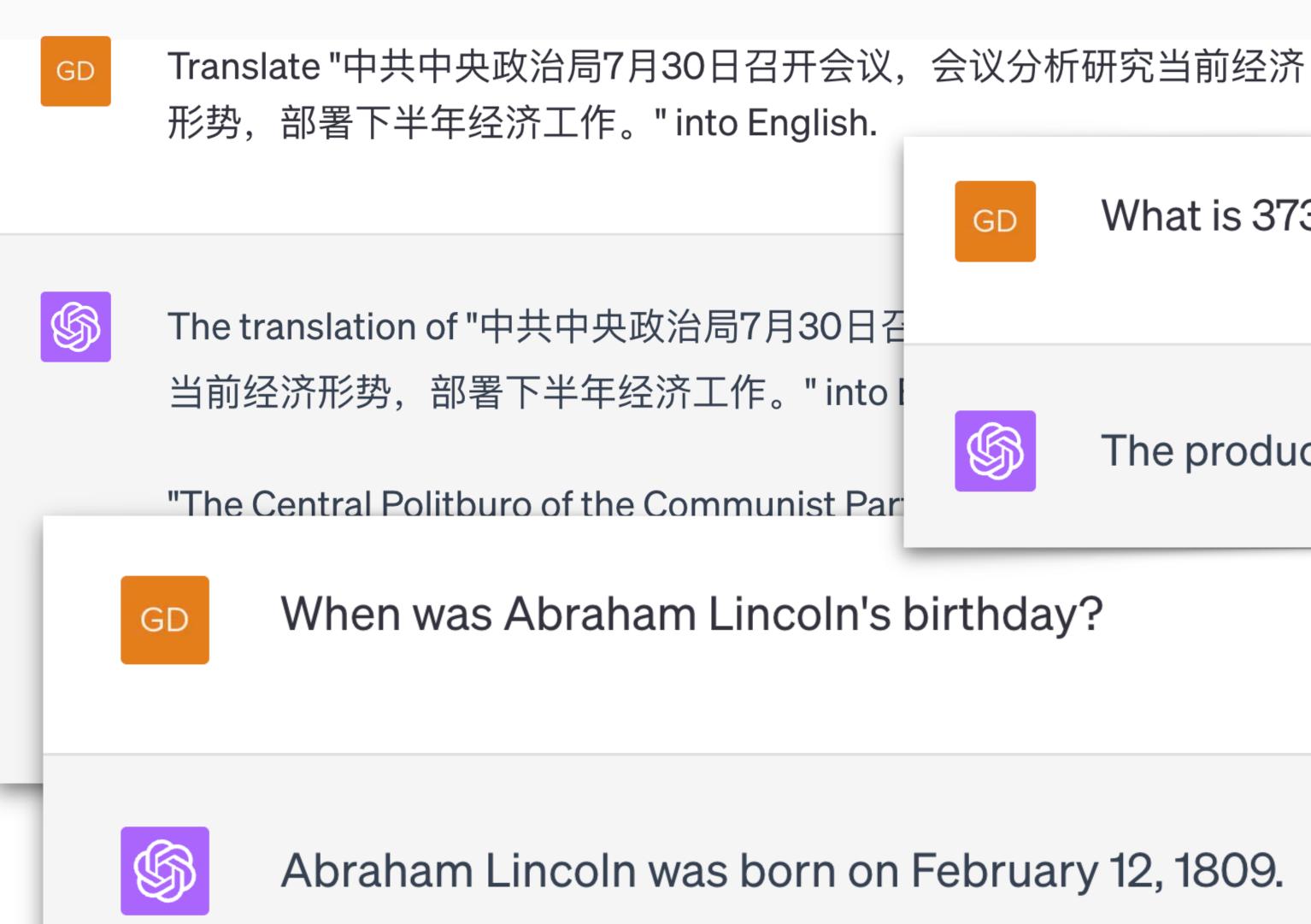
February 12, 1809

How many visitors centers are there in Rocky Mountain National Park?

The park has a total of five visitor centers five







Generalist Systems?

What is 373 * 121?

The product of 373 multiplied by 121 is 45,113.

45,133 is correct

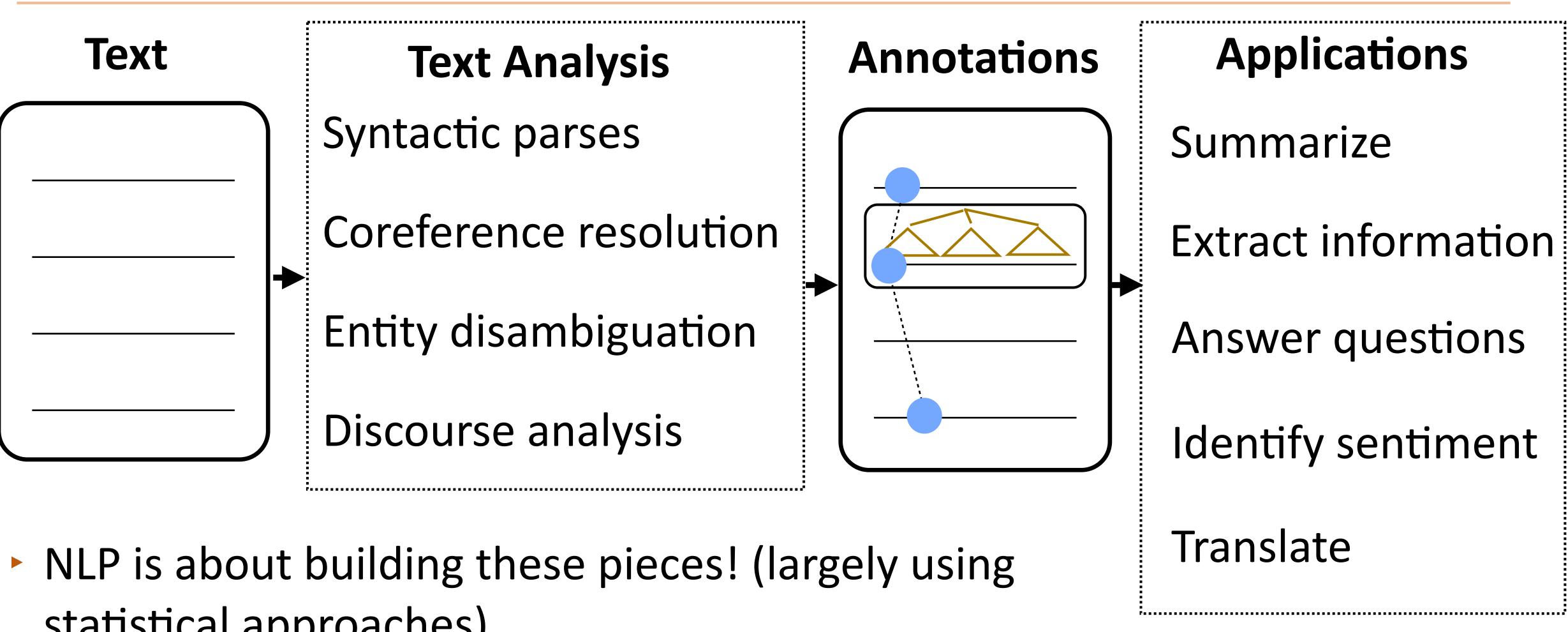
Still useful to think about capabilities along different tasks/domains.







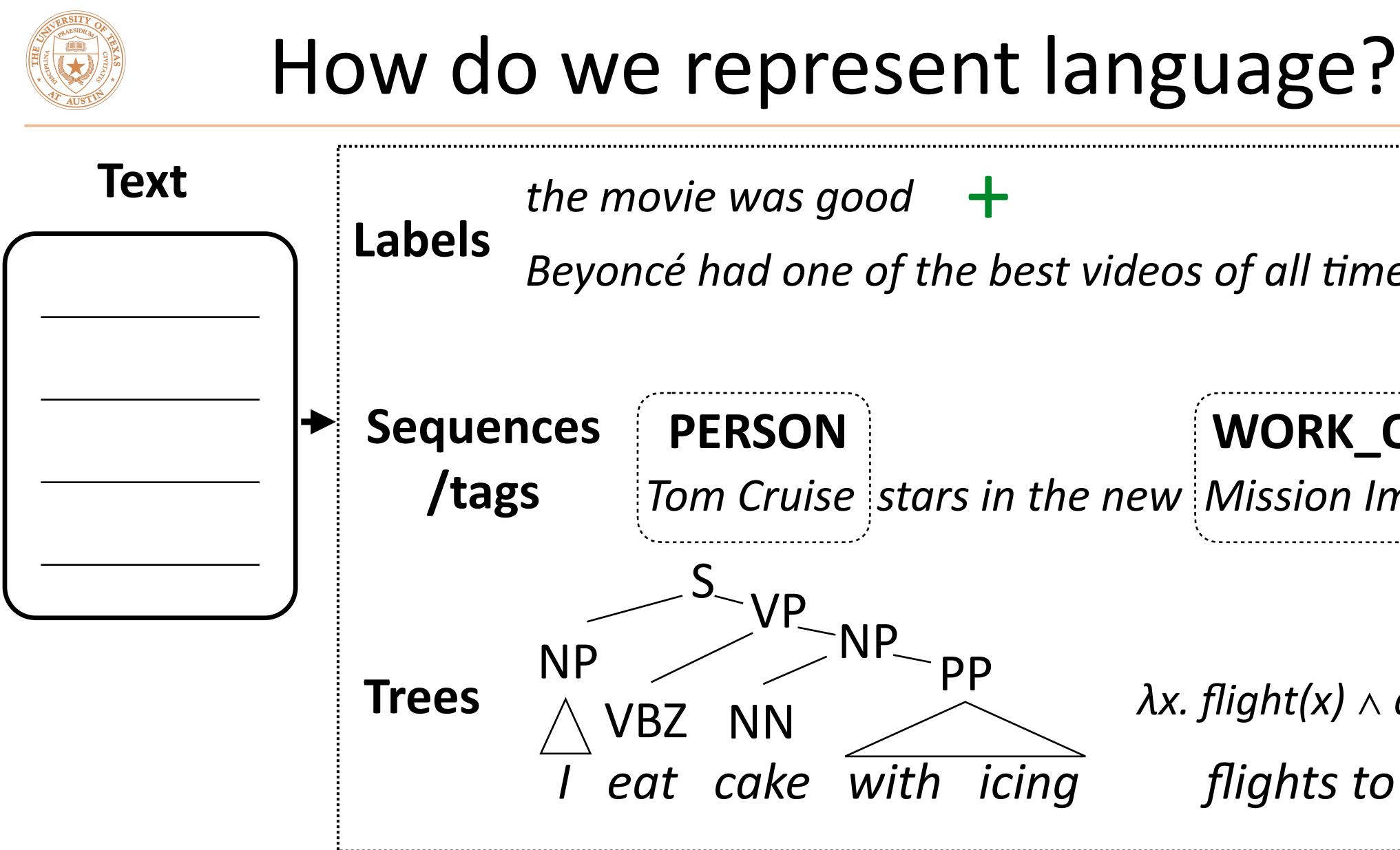




- statistical approaches)

Classical NLP Analysis Pipeline

Lots of this is done end-to-end with neural nets. But analysis is still useful...



Question: What ambiguities do these representations need to help us resolve?

Beyoncé had one of the best videos of all time subjective

WORK_OF_ART Tom Cruise stars in the new Mission Impossible film

> $\lambda x. flight(x) \wedge dest(x) = Miami$ flights to Miami



Why is language hard? (and how can we handle that?)

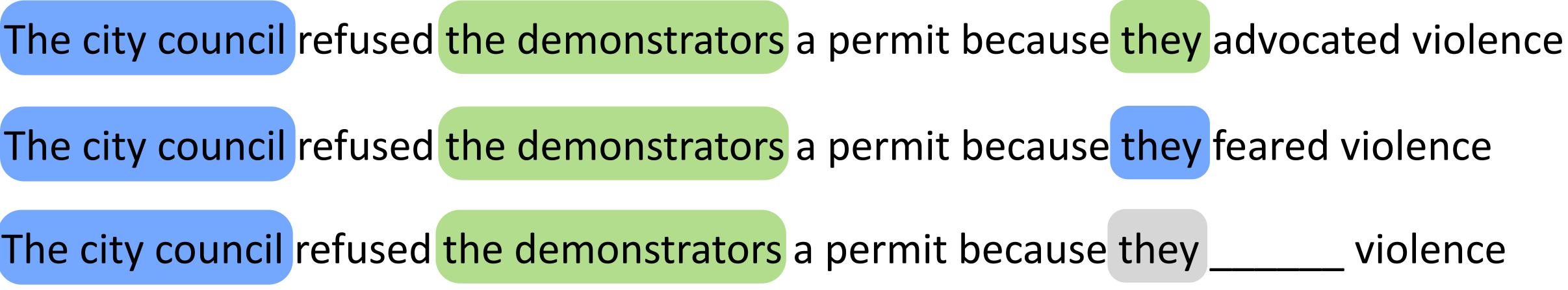


- Hector Levesque (2011): "Winograd schema challenge" (named after Terry Winograd, the creator of SHRDLU)

- The city council refused the demonstrators a permit because they _____

- >5 datasets in the last few years examining this problem and commonsense reasoning
- Referential ambiguity

Language is Ambiguous!







Language is Ambiguous!

Teacher Strikes Idle Kids

Iraqi Head Seeks Arms

context to figure out which parse is correct

Ban on Nude Dancing on Governor's Desk

Syntactic and semantic ambiguities: parsing needed to resolve these, but need

example credit: Dan Klein





- There aren't just one or two possibilities which are resolved pragmatically
 - It is really nice out It's really nice *il fait vraiment beau* The weather is beautiful It is really beautiful outside He makes truly beautiful It fact actually handsome

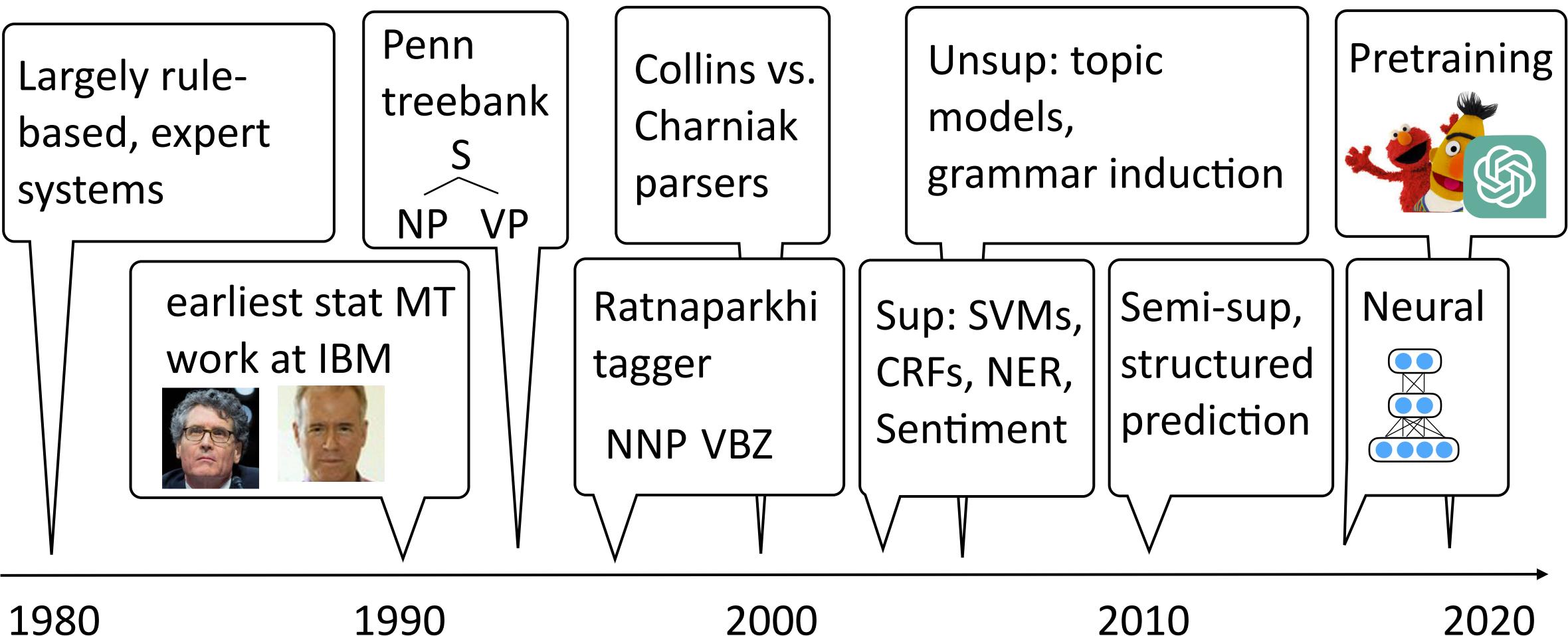
but systems still have to resolve them

Language is **Really** Ambiguous!

Combinatorially many possibilities, many you won't even register as ambiguities,

What techniques do we use? (to combine data, knowledge, linguistics, etc.)





A brief history of (modern) NLP



• Language modeling: predict the next word in a text $P(w_i|w_1,\ldots,w_{i-1})$ $P(w \mid l want to go to) = 0.01 Hawai'i$ 0.005 LA 0.0001 class

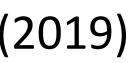


: use this model for other purposes

- $P(w \mid \text{the acting was horrible}, I think the movie was) = 0.1 bad$ 0.001 good Model understands some sentiment?
- Train a neural network to do language modeling on massive unlabeled text, finetune it to do {tagging, sentiment, question answering, ...}

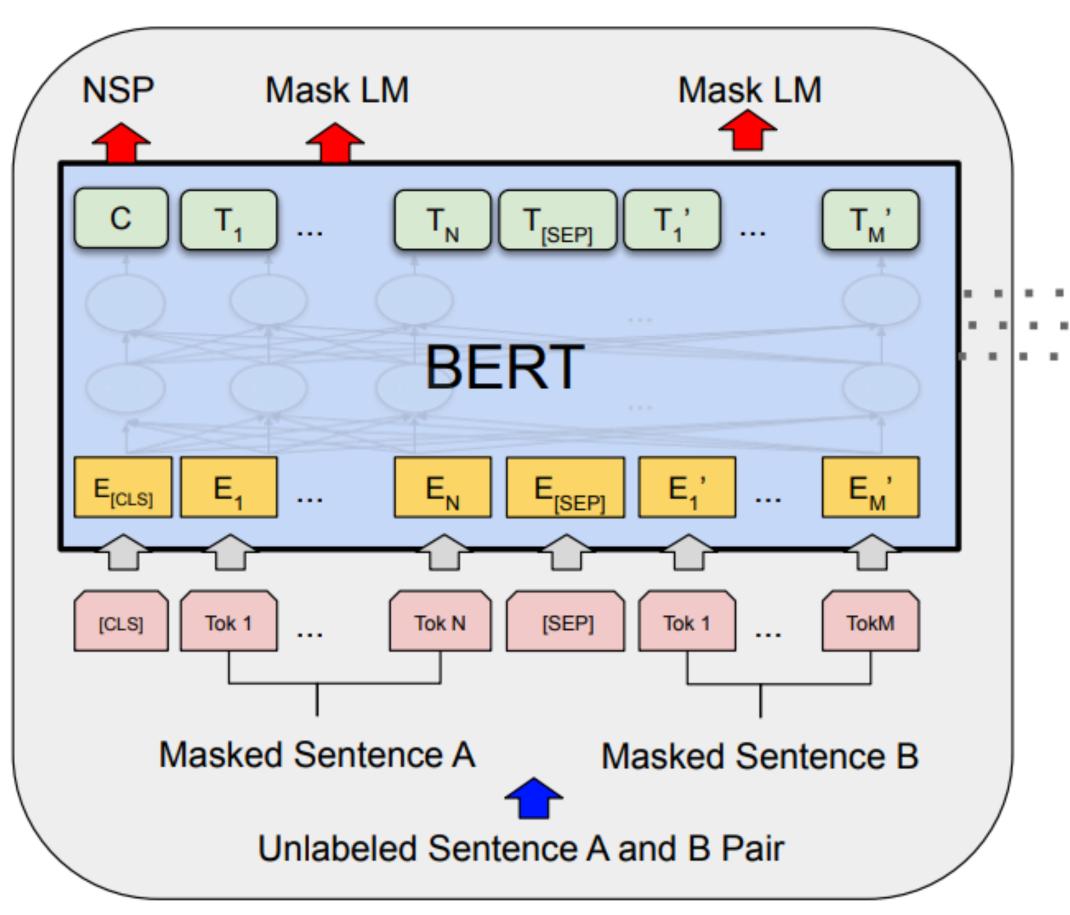
Pretraining

Peters et al. (2018), Devlin et al. (2019)





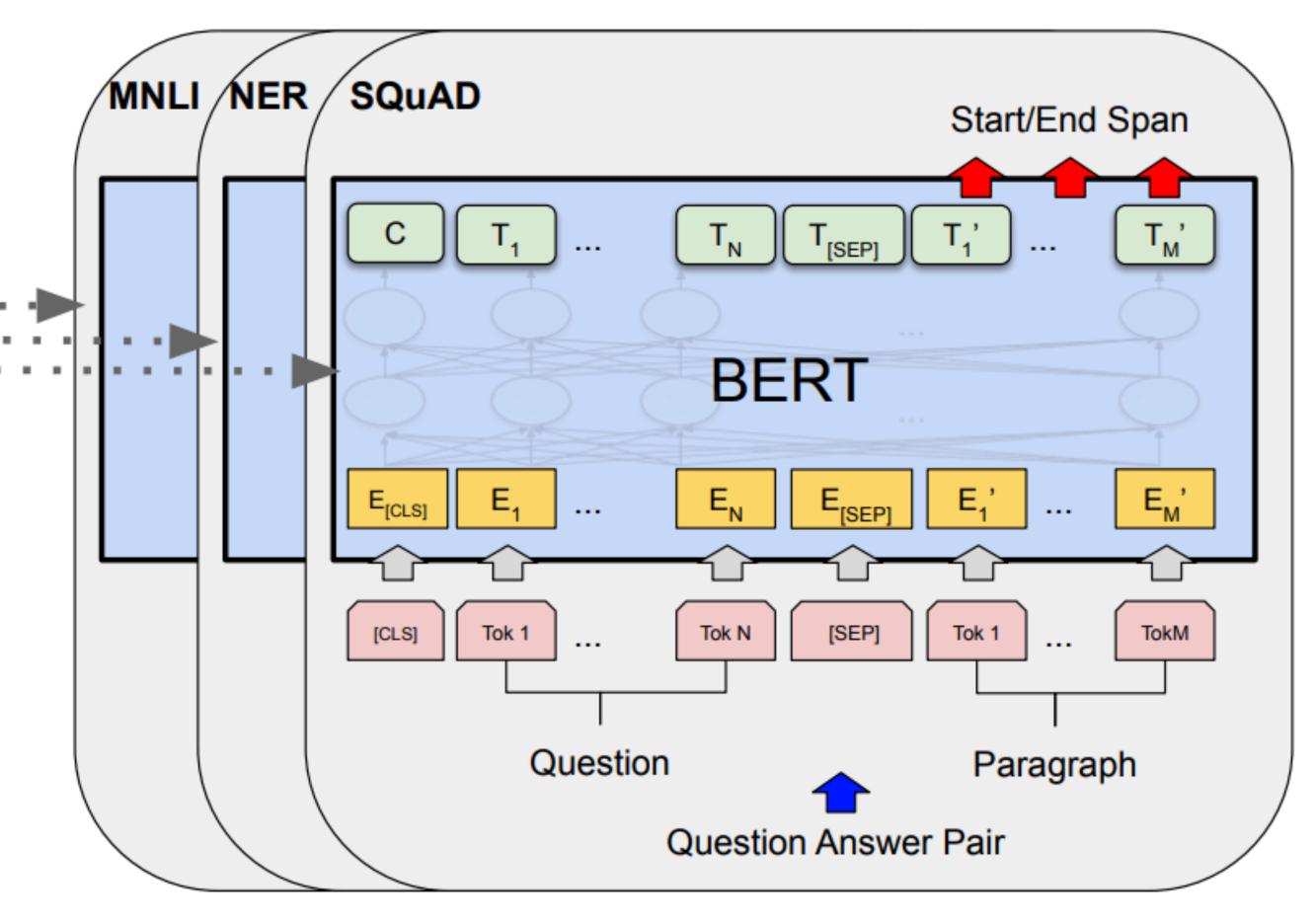




Pre-training

Key parts which we will study: (1) Transformer architecture; (2) what data is used (both for pre-training and fine-tuning) Devlin et al. (2019)

BERT



Fine-Tuning





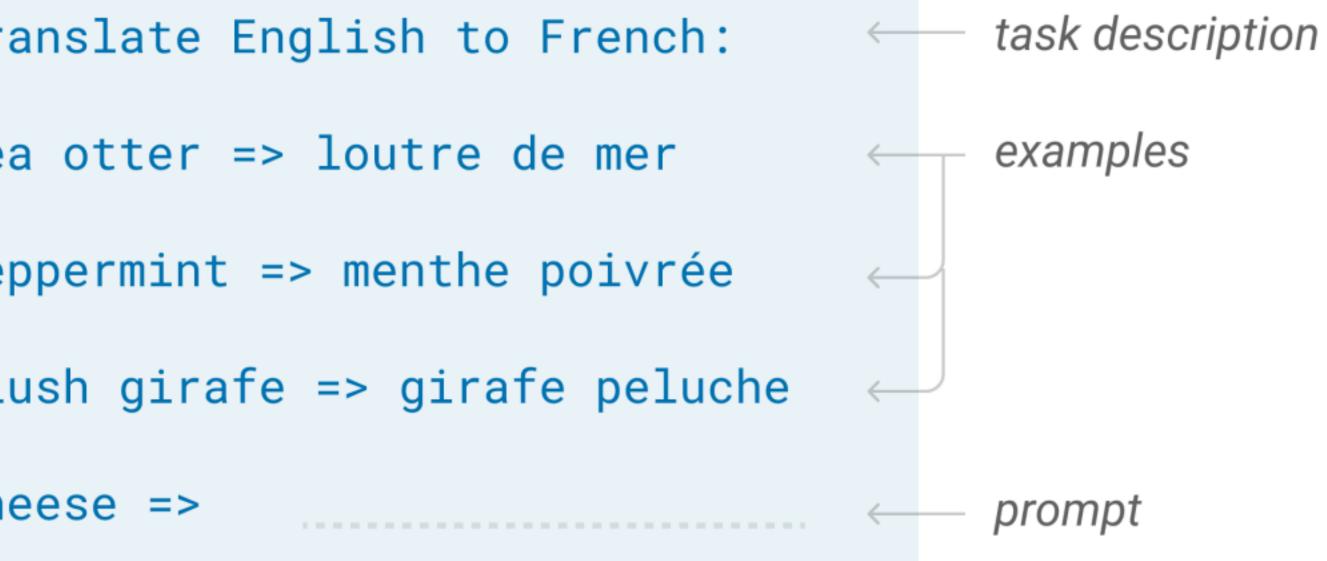
GPT and In-Context Learning

- Even more "extreme" setting: no gradient updates to model, instead large language models "learn" from examples in their context
- Many papers studying why this works. We will read some!

Few-shot

In addition to the task description, the model sees a few examples of the task. No gradient updates are performed.

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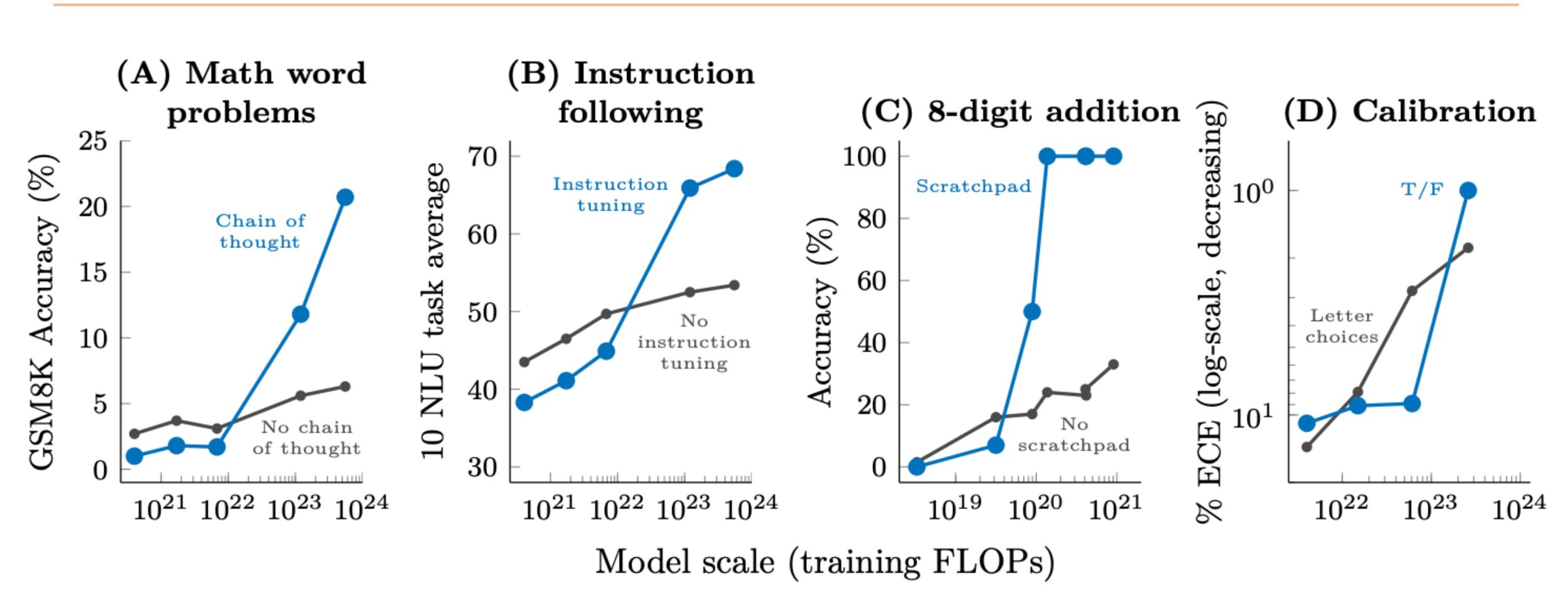


Brown et al. (2020)









because the models are so big!

Scaling Laws

Many of the methods that work in LLMs today only make sense and only work

Kaplan et al. (2020), Jason Wei et al. (2022)





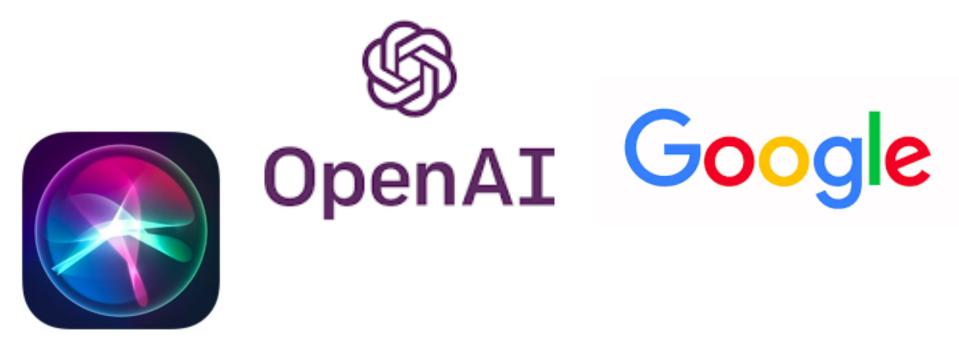
We have very powerful neural models that can fit lots of datasets

- Data: we need data that is not just correctly labeled, but reflects what we actually want to be able to do
- Users: systems are not useful unless they do something we want
- Language/outreach: who are we building this for? What languages/dialects do they speak?

Where are we?



NLP systems are increasingly used in the world



...and increasingly we have to reckon with their impact

This lecture: let's warm up by thinking about these issues a bit

Social Impact







- could write a blog post about a current issue).
- causing bad things to happen, etc.).

Social Impact

Rate your awareness of the social impact of NLP, AI, and machine learning from 1 to 5, where 1 is little awareness and 5 is strong awareness (5 = you feel like you

Describe one scenario where you think deployment of an NLP system might pose ethical challenges due to the application itself (i.e., using NLP to do "bad stuff")

Describe one scenario where you think deployment of an NLP system might pose ethical challenges due to *unintended* consequences (e.g., unfairness, indirectly







- Classification: linear and neural, word representations (3.5 weeks)
- Language modeling, Transformers, pre-training (2.5 weeks)
- Tagging, parsing, and linguistic structure (2 weeks, ending in midterm)
- Modern pre-trained models, ChatGPT, etc. (2.5 weeks)
- Applications, modern topics, and ethics (2.5 weeks)
- Goals:
 - Cover fundamental techniques used in NLP
 - Understand how to look at language data and approach linguistic phenomena
 - Cover modern NLP problems encountered in the literature: what are the active research topics in 2023?

Outline of the Course





- Five assignments, worth 40% of grade
 - Mix of writing and implementation;
 - Assignment 0 is out now, optional diagnostic
 - ~2 weeks per assignment except for A4
 - 5 "slip days" throughout the semester to turn in assignments 24 hours late
 - Submission on Gradescope

- These assignments require understanding the concepts, writing performant code, and thinking about how to debug complex systems. They are challenging; start early!
- Office hours: please come! However, the course staff are not here to debug your code! We will help you understand the concepts and come up with debugging strategies!



- Midterm (25% of grade), take-home
 - Similar to written homework problems
- Final project (25% of grade)
 - Groups of 1 or 2
 - Standard project: understanding dataset biases
 - Independent projects are possible: these must be proposed earlier (to get you thinking early) and will be held to a high standard!
- Social Impact Responses, UT Instapoll (10% of the grade)
 - These will be done online and can be done during or after class

Coursework



- You may work in groups, but your final writeup and code must be your own
- Don't share code with others!

Academic Honesty







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Conduct

A climate conducive to learning and creating knowledge is the right of every person in our **community.** Bias, harassment and discrimination of any sort have no place here.

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See Instapoll (you can answer later as well)

Survey