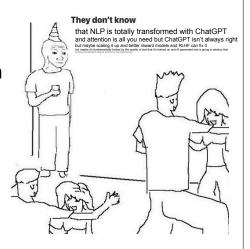
CS371N: Natural Language Processing

Lecture 1: Introduction

Greg Durrett (he/him)







Administrivia

- Lecture: Tuesdays and Thursdays 9:30am-10:45am in JGB 2.218
 - Recordings available afterwards on LecturesOnline
- Course website (including syllabus): http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~gdurrett/courses/fa2024/cs371n.shtml
- Ed Discussion board: link on Canvas
- Office hours: see course website and Canvas. Greg's are hybrid, some TA OHs are hybrid too. Office hours start Thursday after class.
- TAs: Juan Diego Rodriguez and Grace Kim.
- → Office hours start today, and I will stay around after this class if you have questions



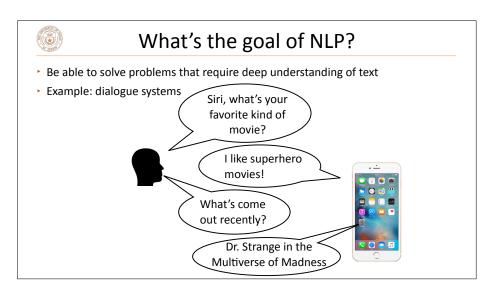
Course Requirements

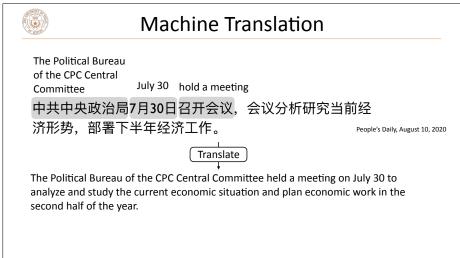
- ► CS 429
- Recommended: CS 331, familiarity with probability and linear algebra, programming experience in Python
- ► Helpful: Exposure to Al and machine learning (e.g., CS 342/343/363)
- Assignment 0 is out now (optional):
- If this seems like it'll be challenging for you, come and talk to me (this is smallerscale than the other assignments, which are smaller-scale than the final project)

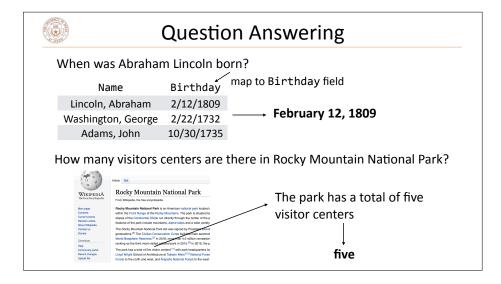


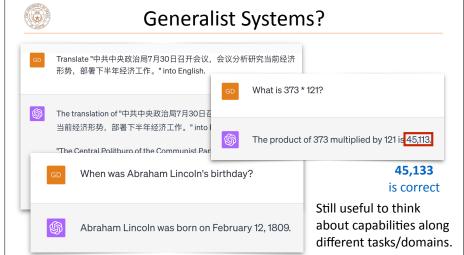
Format and Accessibility

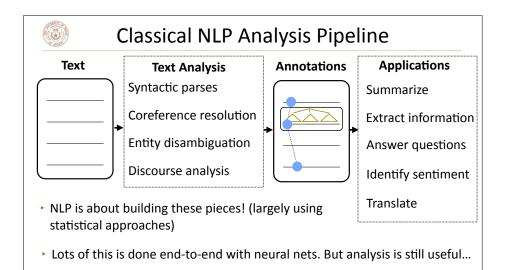
- Lectures will build in time for discussion, in-class exercises, and questions.
 Additional material is available as videos to watch either before or after lectures
 - Format: in-person to encourage discussion, but all materials are available asynchronously afterwards
- Equipment: useful to have a device for lecture to do Instapolls. For homework:
 - Lab machines available via SSH
 - A GPU is not required to complete the assignments! Having a GPU, GCP credits, or Google Colab access will be helpful for the final project though

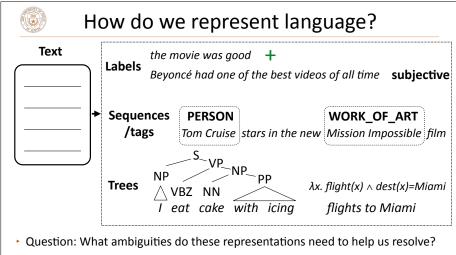




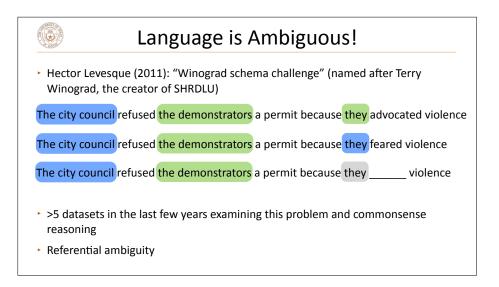








Why is language hard? (and how can we handle that?)





Language is Ambiguous!

Teacher Strikes Idle Kids

Ban on Nude Dancing on Governor's Desk

Iragi Head Seeks Arms

 Syntactic and semantic ambiguities: parsing needed to resolve these, but need context to figure out which parse is correct

example credit: Dan Klein



Language is **Really** Ambiguous!

There aren't just one or two possibilities which are resolved pragmatically

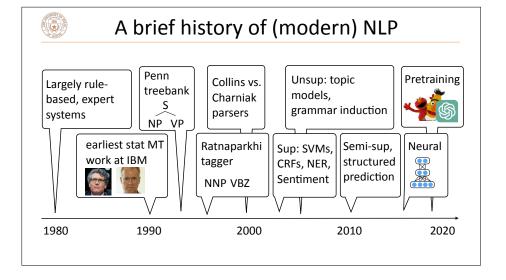
It is really nice out

il fait vraiment beau ______ It's really nice

The weather is beautiful
It is really beautiful outside
He makes truly beautiful
It fact actually handsome

 Combinatorially many possibilities, many you won't even register as ambiguities, but systems still have to resolve them

What techniques do we use? (to combine data, knowledge, linguistics, etc.)





Pretraining

Language modeling: predict the next word in a text $\ P(w_i|w_1,\ldots,w_{i-1})$

 $P(w \mid I \text{ want to go to}) = 0.01 \text{ Hawai'i}$ 0.005 LA0.0001 class





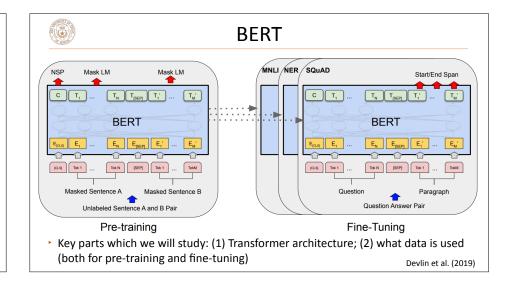
: use this model for other purposes

 $P(w \mid \text{the acting was horrible, I think the movie was}) = 0.1 \text{ bad}$

Model understands some sentiment?

- 0.001 good
- Train a neural network to do language modeling on massive unlabeled text, finetune it to do {tagging, sentiment, question answering, ...}

Peters et al. (2018), Devlin et al. (2019)



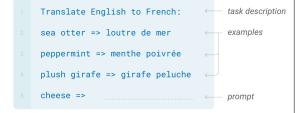


GPT and In-Context Learning

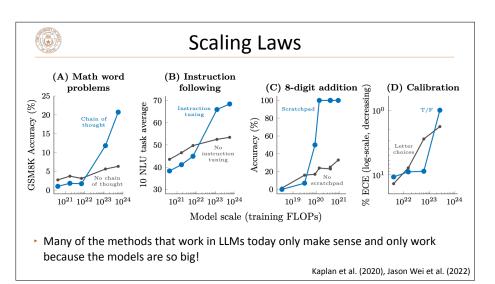
- Even more "extreme" setting: no gradient updates to model, instead large language models "learn" from examples in their context
- Many papers studying why this works. We will read some!

Few-shot

In addition to the task description, the model sees a few examples of the task. No gradient updates are performed.



Brown et al. (2020)





Where are we?

- We have very powerful neural models that can fit lots of datasets
- Data: we need data that is not just correctly labeled, but reflects what we actually want to be able to do
- Users: systems are not useful unless they do something we want
- Language/outreach: who are we building this for? What languages/dialects do they speak?



Social Impact

NLP systems are increasingly used in the world







...and increasingly we have to reckon with their impact



▶ This lecture: let's warm up by thinking about these issues a bit



Social Impact

- Rate your awareness of the social impact of NLP, AI, and machine learning from 1 to 5, where 1 is little awareness and 5 is strong awareness (5 = you feel like you could write a blog post about a current issue).
- Describe one scenario where you think deployment of an NLP system might pose ethical challenges due to the application itself (i.e., using NLP to do "bad stuff")
- Describe one scenario where you think deployment of an NLP system might pose ethical challenges due to unintended consequences (e.g., unfairness, indirectly causing bad things to happen, etc.).



Outline of the Course

- Classification: linear and neural, word representations (3.5 weeks)
- Language modeling, Transformers, pre-training (2.5 weeks)
- Tagging, parsing, and linguistic structure (2 weeks, ending in midterm)
- Modern pre-trained models, ChatGPT, etc. (2.5 weeks)
- Applications, modern topics, and ethics (2.5 weeks)
- Goals:
 - Cover fundamental techniques used in NLP
 - Understand how to look at language data and approach linguistic phenomena
 - Cover modern NLP problems encountered in the literature: what are the active research topics in 2023?



Coursework

- Five assignments, worth 40% of grade
- Mix of writing and implementation;
- Assignment 0 is out now, optional diagnostic
- ~2 weeks per assignment except for A4
- ▶ 5 "slip days" throughout the semester to turn in assignments 24 hours late
- Submission on Gradescope

These assignments require understanding the concepts, writing performant code, and thinking about how to debug complex systems. They are challenging; start early!

Office hours: please come! However, the course staff are not here to debug your code! We will help you understand the concepts and come up with debugging strategies!



Coursework

- Midterm (25% of grade), take-home
- Similar to written homework problems
- Final project (25% of grade)
- Groups of 1 or 2
- Standard project: understanding dataset biases
- Independent projects are possible: these must be proposed earlier (to get you thinking early) and will be held to a high standard!
- Social Impact Responses, UT Instapoll (10% of the grade)
- These will be done online and can be done during or after class



Academic Honesty

- You may work in groups, but your final writeup and code must be your own
- Don't share code with others!





Survey

See Instapoll (you can answer later as well)