# Model Based Learning in continuous state spaces

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### A comparative study

- Random Updates
- Prioritized sweeping
- Trajectory sampling

Maze Navigation Task



### empirical results



### Mountain car problem



$$-1 \le x_t \le 1$$
$$-2 \le v_t \le 2.$$
$$q_t = \begin{cases} 2 \cdot x + 1 & \text{if } x < 0\\ \frac{1}{(1+5x_t^2)^{3/2}} & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$
$$a_t = \frac{f_t}{m \cdot \sqrt{1+q_t^2}} - \frac{g \cdot q_t}{1+q_t^2}$$
$$x_{t+1} = x_t + v_t \cdot \Delta t + \frac{a \cdot \Delta t^2}{2} \end{cases}$$

 $v_{t+1} = v_t + a \cdot \Delta t$ 

# Model Based RL in continuous state spaces

- 1. Initially:  $w(t) := 0, \forall t \in Tiles; s_{sim} = s_0; a_{sim} = policy(s_{sim})$
- 2. Start of Trial:  $s := s_0, a := policy(s)$
- 3. Take action a; observe reward r and next state s'
- 4. a' := policy(s)
- 5. Learn:

 $\begin{aligned} \epsilon &:= r + \sum_{t' \in Tiles(s',a')} w(t') - \sum_{t \in Tiles(s,a)} w(t) \\ w(t) &:= w(t) + \frac{\alpha}{L} \cdot \epsilon, \quad \forall t \in Tiles(s,a) \end{aligned}$ 

- 6. Update Model: Add a new observation s' to a list of past observations kept in the hash table entry m(s, a). If s' is already in the table then increment the number of times s' has been observed by 1
- Sample Model:

Repeat K times

take action  $a_{sim}$ ;

use model to compute the predicted next state,  $s_{sim}^\prime,$  and reward,  $r^\prime;$  if  $s_{sim}^\prime$  is the terminal state

set  $s_{sim} := s_0, a_{sim} := policy(s_{sim})$ go to the beginning of the repeat loop

 $\begin{array}{l} a'_{sim} := policy(s_{sim});\\ \text{learn: } \epsilon := r + \sum_{t' \in Tiles(s'_{sim}, a'_{sim})} w(t') & - \sum_{t \in Tiles(s_{sim}, a_{sim})} w(t) \\ w(t) := w(t) + \frac{\alpha}{L} \cdot \epsilon, \forall t \in Tiles(s_{sim}, a_{sim}) \end{array}$ 

8. Loop: a := a'; s := s'; if s' is the terminal state, go to 2, else go to 3

### Input Representation

- Need to represent the T function
- f(x,v) -> x f(x,v)-> v for all actions
- CMACS used to learn the function
- Model Size = Resolution X Num of Layers

What makes a good model?

## Choosing a model



### Model Early method

