# CS885 Reinforcement Learning Module 2: June 6, 2020

Maximum Entropy Reinforcement Learning

Haarnoja, Tang et al. (2017) Reinforcement Learning with Deep Energy Based Policies, *ICML*. Haarnoja, Zhou et al. (2018) Soft Actor-Critic: Off-Policy Maximum Entropy Deep Reinforcement Learning with a Stochastic Actor, *ICML*.



#### **Reinforcement Learning**

#### **Deterministic Policies**

- There always exists an optimal deterministic policy
- Search space is smaller for deterministic than stochastic policies
- Practitioners prefer deterministic policies

#### **Stochastic Policies**

- Search space is continuous for stochastic policies (helps with gradient descent)
- More robust (less likely to overfit)
- Naturally incorporate exploration
- Facilitate transfer learning
- Mitigate local optima

## **Encouraging Stochasticity**

#### **Standard MDP**

- States: *S*
- Actions: A
- Reward: R(s, a)
- Transition: Pr(s'|s, a)
- Discount:  $\gamma$

#### Soft MDP

- States: *S*
- Actions: A
- Reward:  $R(s, a) + \lambda H(\pi(\cdot | s))$
- Transition: Pr(s'|s, a)
- Discount:  $\gamma$



## **Optimal Policy**

• Standard MDP

$$\pi^* = \operatorname*{argmax}_{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{N} \gamma^n E_{s_n, a_n \mid \pi} [R(s_n, a_n)]$$

• Soft MDP

$$\pi_{soft}^* = \arg\max_{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{N} \gamma^n E_{s_n, a_n \mid \pi} [R(s_n, a_n) + \lambda H(\pi(\cdot \mid s_n))]$$
Maximum entropy policy
Entropy regularized policy



### Q-function

• Standard MDP

$$Q^{\pi}(s_0, a_0) = R(s_0, a_0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \gamma^n E_{s_n, a_n | s_0, a_0, \pi}[R(s_n, a_n)]$$

• Soft MDP

$$Q_{soft}^{\pi}(s_0, a_0) = R(s_0, a_0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \gamma^n E_{s_n, a_n | s_0, a_0, \pi} \left[ R(s_n, a_n) + \lambda H(\pi(\cdot | s_n)) \right]$$

NB: No entropy with first reward term since action is not chosen according to  $\pi$ 



## **Greedy Policy**

• Standard MDP (deterministic policy)

$$\pi_{greedy}(s) = \operatorname*{argmax}_{a} Q(s, a)$$

• Soft MDP (stochastic policy)

 $\pi_{greedy}(\cdot | s) = \underset{\pi}{\operatorname{argmax}} \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)Q(s,a) + \lambda H(\pi(\cdot | s))$  $= \frac{\exp(Q(s,\cdot)/\lambda)}{\sum_{a} \exp(Q(s,a)/\lambda)} = softmax(Q(s,\cdot)/\lambda)$ 

when  $\lambda \rightarrow 0$  then *softmax* becomes regular max



# Soft Policy Iteration

SoftPolicyIteration(MDP, 
$$\lambda$$
)  
Initialize  $\pi_0$  to any policy  
 $i \leftarrow 0$   
Repeat  
Policy evaluation:  
Repeat until convergence  
 $Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s, a) \leftarrow R(s, a)$   
 $+\gamma \sum_{s'} \Pr(s'|s, a) \left[ \sum_{a'} \pi_i(a'|s') Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s', a') + \lambda H(\pi_i(\cdot |s')) \right] \forall s, a$   
Policy improvement:  
 $\pi_{i+1}(a|s) \leftarrow softmax \left( Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s, a) / \lambda \right) = \frac{\exp(Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s, a) / \lambda)}{\sum_{a'} \exp(Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s, a') / \lambda)} \forall s, a$   
 $i \leftarrow i + 1$   
Until  $\left| \left| Q_{soft}^{\pi_i}(s, a) - Q_{soft}^{\pi_{i-1}}(s, a) \right| \right|_{\infty} \leq \epsilon$ 

#### Soft Actor-Critic

- RL version of soft policy iteration
- Use neural networks to represent policy and value function
- At each policy improvement step, project new policy in the space of parameterized neural nets



# Soft Actor Critic (SAC)

