Pictures and Descriptions



Edith By Alice Lee

Picture: DSC07414.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 1

Notes: Lord Bao, the administrator and judge of Kaifeng Province, which is now the Henan Province, was famous as the symbol of justice. Hefei is Lord Bao's homeplace. The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao had been rebuilt for many times, from which we can see that Lord Bao still lives in people's hearts.



Picture: DSC07417.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 2 **Notes:** We were in front of Lord Bao's statue in bronze. Lord Bao is also a hero in movies. History has it that the emperor gave him a sword, a symbol of the emperor's power, thus he could redress the scales at anyplace at anytime.



the commonalty.

Picture: DSC07419.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 3 **Notes:** When Lord Bao sentenced criminal to death, he ordered his soldiers to execute death penalty by using head-cutters. There are three head-cutters in the picture, differ from the animal-head portraits attached to them: the farthest one is a dragon-head-cutter for relatives of the emperor, the middle one is a tiger-head-cutter for ministers and nobles, and the last one is a dog-head-cutter for



Picture: DSC07420.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 4 **Notes:** We were in the museum of Lord Bao's family. The books in the glass cases are the detailed recordation of Lord Bao's family, including the entire family tree, his ancestors and offspring.



Picture: DSC07421.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 5 **Notes:** We were in the waxed museum of Lord Bao. This shows the first story of him: Punish the emperor's father-in-law. The emperor was so nepotistical that his father-in-law accumulated wealth by unfair means. So Lord Bao uncovered the clime of emperor's father-in-law, and sentenced him a hitting punishment.



Picture: DSC07422.jpg **Title:** The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 6



Picture: DSC07423.jpg **Title:** The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 7



Picture: DSC07424.jpg

Title: The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 8 **Notes:** These three pictures show the second story of Lord Bao: Sentence the emperor's son-in-law to death. The emperor's son-in-law gained access to officialdom through examinations. After that, he abandoned his wife and children, even sent some evil people to kill them, so that he could marry the princess. After his crime was revealed, the princess and the emperor's mother-in-law wanted to save

him. But Lord Bao put forward the sword, which the emperor had gave him, and finally executed the death penalty without the emperor's permission.





Picture: DSC07425.jpg **Title:** The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 9 **Picture:** DSC07426.jpg **Title:** The Memorial Temple of Lord Bao 10

Notes: These two pictures show the third story of Lord Bao: Punish the emperor. Before the emperor was born, two imperial concubines, both pregnant, wanted to be the queen. They gave birth to their children at nearly the same time. One concubine's child died in the birth, so she stole the child of the other concubine to pretend she had gave birth to a prince, and finally became the queen, while the poor mother was put into limbo. The prince became the emperor at Lord Bao's times. The real mother of the emperor asked Lord Bao to uncover the top and bottom of her story, several decades later. After Lord Bao held evidence of the queen's crime, he spoke out from a sense of justice, and screamed for the emperor's rehabbing his real mother and giving the queen proper punishment since she had have brought up the emperor. But before the emperor was aware of the truth, he treated his real mother badly. For punishing that, Lord Bao executed the hitting penalty to the emperor's gown





Picture: DSC07427.jpgPicture: DSC07428.jpgTitle: The Baohe River 1Title: The Baohe River 2Notes: Along the river bank of Baohe River, we can have a good scene: willows, aged stonebridges, so and forth.



Picture: DSC07429.jpg **Title:** The Baohe River 3 **Notes:** The highest towerin Anhui Province, which has 9 floors, is across the river.



Picture: DSC07430.jpg **Title:** The Photography exhibition 1



Picture: DSC07431.jpg **Title:** The Photography exhibition 2



Picture: DSC07432.jpg

Title: The Photography exhibition 3

Notes: We came into an art museum, which exhibited a photographer's works, titled "The Yellow River and the loess", representing the physiognomy and folkway of the Yellow River's drainage basin and the Huangtu altiplano.





Picture: DSC07433.jpgPicture: DSC07434.jpgTitle: The FuZhuang Garden 1Title: The FuZhuang Garden 2Notes: It is the site of a national miniature garden exhibit.





Picture: DSC07435.jpgPicture: DSC07436.jpgTitle: The Xiaoyao Dock Park 1Title: The Xiaoyao Dock Park 2Notes: The Xiaoyao Dock is a place famous for a battle in the three kingdoms' times, which is
recorded in <the Romance of the three Kingdoms>. This is the elephant sliding board.



Picture: DSC07437.jpg **Title:** The Peacock Park 1



Picture: DSC07440.jpg **Title:** The Peacock Park 3



Picture: DSC07438.jpg **Title:** The Peacock Park 2



Picture: DSC07439.jpg **Title:** The Peacock Park 4



Picture: DSC07446.jpgPicture: DSC07447.jpgTitle: The Peacock Park 5Title: The Peacock Park 6Notes: The Peacock Park is a small park in The Xiaoyao Dock Park. The sixth picture shows the
peahen queen, named by us.





Picture: DSC07448.jpg **Title:** Outside The Xiaoyao Dock Park



Picture: DSC07449.jpg **Title:** The Mingjiao Temple 1



Picture: DSC07450.jpg **Title:** The Mingjiao Temple 2



Picture: DSC07451.jpg **Title:** The Mingjiao Temple 3



Picture: DSC07452.jpg **Title:** The Mingjiao Temple 4

Notes: The Mingjiao Temple was the very place, where the strongest king of the three kingdoms sent his forces to battles and now the site of the Buddhism Temple of Anhui Province. The monk in picture "DSC07451.jpg" is the head monk in Anhui Province.



Picture: DSC07465.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 1

Notes: This picture shows a piece of musical instrument in the museum of Lingbi Stones, the most famous stone of the four famous stones in China. The Lingbi Stones are natural, dug from 2.5 meters deep under the ground.



Picture: DSC07466.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 2 **Notes:** This picture shows one side of a traditional Chinese building.



Picture: DSC07467.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 3



Picture: DSC07468.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 4

Notes: We can overlook the mini-Jiuhua-Mountain in these two pictures. The figure of Buddha right there is the Buddha of the soil, who is in charged of agriculture and things related to the soil.





Picture: DSC07469.jpgPicture: DSC07470.jpgTitle: The Anhui Garden 5Title: The Anhui Garden 6Notes: In front of the Temple of Buddha in the mini-Jiuhua-Mountain.



Picture: DSC07473.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 7 **Notes:** In front of the museum of ancient commerce in Anhui Province.



Picture: DSC07474.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 5



Picture: DSC07475.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 6



Picture: DSC07476.jpg **Title:** The Anhui Garden 7 **Notes:** In front of a mimic traditional building of Anhui architecture.



Picture: DSC07478.jpg

Title: The Sanhe old town 1

Notes: We were on one stone bridge across the Xiaonanhe River in the Sanhe old town. The Sanhe old town, namely a three-river town in Chinese, is the junction of three rivers. The buildings on the river bank are mimic traditional houses in Anhui Province.



Picture: DSC07480.jpg

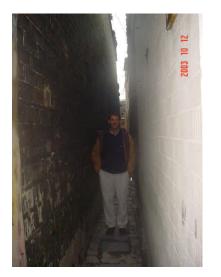
Title: The Sanhe old town 2

Notes: On the watch-moon tower. It is said that you can see the Caohu Lake from the tower, we didn't see though.



Picture: DSC07481.jpg **Title:** The Sanhe old town 3

Notes: On one of the streets in the Sanhe old town. The roads were paved with uneven stones. The Sanhe people like hanging red lanterns under their eaves. The Sanhe old town represents simple and unsophisticated folk-custom of the local people in Anhui Province.



Picture: DSC07482.jpg **Title:** The One-man street 1



Picture: DSC07486.jpg **Title:** The One-man street 2

Notes: The One-man street leads to the former residence of Yang Zhenning, a famous physical scientist and Nobelist. Only one man can pass the narrowest point in this street at one time.



Picture: DSC07487.jpg



Picture: DSC07488.jpg

Title: The former residence of Yang Zhenning 1 **Title:** The former residence of Yang Zhenning 2 **Notes:** The first picture was taken in Yang Zhenning's bedroom. The second one shows the outside.



Picture: DSC07489.jpg

Title: Traditional Chinese corridor

Notes: This picture shows one traditional Chinese corridor along the river bank of the Xiaonanhe River, which used to be the symbol of the Sanhe old town.



Picture: DSC07490.jpg **Title:** On a boat in the Xiaonanhe River 1



Picture: DSC07491.jpg **Title:** On a boat in the Xiaonanhe River 2



Picture: DSC07492.jpg

Title: On a boat in the Xiaonanhe River 3 **Notes:** We took a boat trip along the Xiaonanhe River. The boat is of a traditional fishing boat style, put forward by waggling a scull, which is laid at the edge of the boat, not by rowing oars.



Picture: DSC07493.jpg **Title:** On the Guxijie Street 1



Picture: DSC07495.jpg **Title:** On the Guxijie Street 2

Notes: The Guxijie Street is one of the longest streets in the Sanhe old town. The first picture shows our tour guide, a local people.



Picture: DSC07494.jpg

Title: The museum of folk-custom

Notes: We were led to the museum of folk-custom by the tour guide, it was lock though. There are many tradition farming tools and daily living tools in it, some are still in use today.



Title: The one-stone kiosk 1



Picture: DSC07497.jpg **Title:** The one-stone kiosk 2

Notes: The roof of the one-stone kiosk is said to be carved in just one stone, resembling the headgear of ancient ministers.