

## Hamiltonian Cycles

A *Hamiltonian cycle* in a directed graph is a closed path that passes through each vertex exactly once. Hamiltonian cycles can be generated using the following CLINGO program:

```
{in(X,Y)} :- edge(X,Y).

:- 2 { <Y> : in(X,Y)}, vertex(X).
:- 2 { <X> : in(X,Y)}, vertex(Y).

r(X) :- in(v0,X).
r(Y) :- r(X), in(X,Y).

:- not r(X), vertex(X).

#hide. #show in(X,Y).
```

**Problem 37<sup>e</sup>.** In the blocks world,  $n$  blocks can be stacked one on top of another, forming towers one block thick. Each tower is based on the table. For instance, if  $n = 3$  then 13 configurations of blocks are possible:

1	2	1	3	2	3	
2	1	3	1	3	2	
3	3	2	2	1	1	
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1	2	1	3	2	3	
2 3	1 3	3 2	1 2	3 1	2 1	1 2 3
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Write a CLINGO program generating all configurations of  $n$  blocks.